AC2T

Safety Data Sheet Spartan Mosquito Eradicator

Issued 04/05/2017

SECTION	1- PRODUCT AN	D COMPANY IDENTI	FICATION
PRODUCT/CHEMICAL NAME:	Salt / Sucrose	EMERGENCY PHONE NO.	1-800-222-1222
		HMIS/NEPA	_
IDENTIFICATION:	Attractant Toxic Sugar Bait	HAZARD RATING 4 = Extreme 3 = Serious	Health
		2 = Moderate 1 = Minimal	0
COMPANY:	AC2T P.O. Box 18556 Hattiesburg MS 39408		Other Reactivity

SECTION 2 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION				
HAZARD CLASSIFICATION:	Not Classified	SYMBOL:	Not Applicable	
Potential Acute Health Effects: Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), or ingestion, of inhalation. Potential Chronic Health Effects: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.)by ACGIH. MUTANGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not Available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical conditions.				
GHS Label elements:	No Labeling Applicable	OTHER HAZARDS:	Contact Poison Control 1-800-222-1222	

SECTION 3 -	COMPOSITION/ I	NFORMATION ON IN	GREDIENTS
COMPOSITION/ CAS No.	CAS#	RTECS#	Weight % (dry basis)
Sucrose	57-50-1	WN6500000	= 88.4%</td
Sodium Chloride	7647-14-5	VZ4725000	= 11.4%</td
Brewers Yeast	68876-77-7	Not Listed	= 0.2%</td

SECTION 4- FIRST AID MEASURES					
HEALT	H HAZARDS Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after hand	dling.			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS	ACUTE	CHRONIC			
1. INHALATION	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.	No Data Available			
2. EYE CONTACT	Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.	No Data Available			
3. SKIN	Wash affected area immdediately with plenty of water. Cover the irrateted skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothes and wash before reuse. Seek medical attention if discomfort or irritation persists.	No Data Available			
4. INGESTION (Swallowing)	Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.	No Data Available			
S	ECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES				
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Dry chemical type preferred. Carbon dioxide, foam, water spray, sand, or earth	is also recommended.			
SPECIFIC PRECAUTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS	Not Available				
SPECIFIC HAZARDS (Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards)	The material is slightly flammable to flammable at high temperatures				
SPECIFIC HAZARDS	Typical Decomposition Products: carbon oxides (CO/CO ₂)				
EXPLOSION HAZARDS	Not Available				

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
	Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.	
Large Spill:	Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the saintary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Consult this SDS and with local authorities.	

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Precautions:	Keep locked up. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Keep locked away from children and pets. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents and acids	
Storage:	Keep container tighly closed. Store material in a dry, dark, well-ventilated and cool area. Do not store above 23°C (73.4°F).	
Skin Protection:	Not required. However, it is considered good practice to wear gloves and safety glasses	
Other Protective Clothing Or Equipment	Recommend using good personal hygiene practices and a clean source of water for flushing eyes and skin.	

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES ¹			
COMPOSITION/ CAS No.	CAS#	ACGIH*	OSHA*** 1910.1000
		TLV (8-hr TWA)**	PEL**** (8-hr TWA)**
Sodium Chloride	7647-14-5	Not Available	Not Available
Brewers Yeast	68876-77-7	Not Available	Not Available
Sucrose	57-50-1	10 mg/M3 Total Dust	15 mg/M3 Total Dust****
Sucrose	57-50-1		5 mg/M3 as Respirable Dust*****
State, local or other agencies may have established ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Ind	·	•	alth Administration
State, local or other agencies may have established ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Ind TLV-T WA = Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighte	ustrial Hygienist	cal agencies for further information. *** OSHA = Occupational Safety and Hea **** PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit	llth Administration
* ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Ind ** TLV-T WA = Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighte	ustrial Hygienist d Average	*** OSHA = Occupational Safety and Hea **** PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit	alth Administration and to maintain normal atmospheric oxygen levels.
*ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Ind ** TLV-T WA = Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighte ENGINEERING CONTROLS	ustrial Hygienist d Average Mechanically ventilate the work	*** OSHA = Occupational Safety and Hea **** PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit c environment to reduce dust concentration	
* ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Ind	ustrial Hygienist d Average Mechanically ventilate the work	*** OSHA = Occupational Safety and Hea **** PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit convironment to reduce dust concentration as safety glasses or goggles, to safeguard	and to maintain normal atmospheric oxygen levels.

SECT	SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
APPEARANCE	Solid, white with tan	ODOR	Carmel to Odorless
FLAMMABILITY	May be combustible at high temperatures	WATER/OIL DIST. COEFF	Not determined
FLASH POINT	Higher than 93.3°C (200°F).	SPECIFIC DENSITY	1.587 - 2.165
IONICITY (in water)	Not available	EXPLOSIVE HAZARD	Not available
MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT	MP: 186°C; FP: Not determined	BOILING POINT	1413°C
ODOR THRESHOLD	Not available	pH (@ 1.0%)	7
VAPOR PRESSURE & DENSITY	Not available	VOLATILITY	Not available
SOLUBILITY (in water)	Soluble in hot or cold water, (glycerol and ammonia. Partially soluble	in alcohols.

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
INSTABILITY TEMPERATURE	Not available	CHEMICAL STABILITY	Stable
ICONDITIONS OF INSTABILITY	High Temperatures, compatiable materials.	IRFACIUVITY	Hygroscopic. Reacts with most nonnoble metals. Bromine trifluoride. Lithium. Sulfuric & Nitric Acid,
IINCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS	Acids, metals & oxidizing agents	CORROSIVITY	Not available
POLYMERIZATION	Will not occur		

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS		
Routes of Entry	Inhalation. Ingestion	
Toxicity to Animals	Sucrose: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 29700 mg/Kg [Rat]; Salt: Acute oral Toxicity (LD50): 3000 mg/Kg [Rat], Acute dermal toxicity (LC50): >10000 mg/Kg [Rabbit], Acute toxicity of the dust (LC50): >42000 mg/m3 1 hour [Rat].	
Chronic Effects on Humans	MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. Mugtagenic for mammalian somatic cells. A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH.	
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.	
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Lowest Published Lethal Dose (LDL) [Man] - Route: Oral; Dose: 1000 mg/Kg	

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Sucrose: No adverse reproductive affects have been found in humans. However at extremely high oral doses of 683000 mg/Kg given to rats during pregnancy showed some effects on newborn (growth, developmental anomalies of central nervous system). Passes through the placental barrier in humans. Sodium Chloride: Causes adverse reproductive effects in humans (fetotoxicity, abortion) by intraplacental route. High intake of sodium chloride, whether from occupational exposure or in the diet, may increase risk of TOXEMIA OF PREGNANCY in susceptible women (Bishop, 1978). In experimental animals, sodium chloride has cased delayed effects on newborns, has been fetotoxic, and has caused birth defects and abortions in rats and mice (RTECS, 1997). May affect genetic material (mutagenic).
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Sucrose: Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling. Eyes: Dust may cause mechanical irritation. Inhalation: Excessive inhalation may cause minor respiratory irritation. Ingestion: Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestianal tract irritation. Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Chronic Potential Health Effects: No Information. Sodium chloride: Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause skin irritation. Eyes: Causes eye irritation. Ingestion: Ingestion of large quantities can irritate the stomach (as in overuse of salt tablets) with nausea and vomiting. May affect behavior (Muscle spasicity/contraction, somnolence), sense organs, metabolism and cardiovascular system. Continued exposure may produce dehydration, internal organ congestion and coma. Inhalation: Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
ECOTOXICITY	Not Available
BOD5 and COD	Not Available
MOBILITY IN SOIL	The product is soluble in water
PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
DISPOSAL	Method of disposal selected is subject to compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.	

Ī	SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS					
Γ	IDOT CLASSIFICATION	Not a DOT Controlled material (United States)	IDENTIFICATION	Not applicable. Not regulated by DOT		
	SPECIAL PROVISIONS for TRANSPORT	Not Applicable				

	SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION		
Federal and State Regulations	Sucrose: RI, PA, MN, MA, TN RTK, TSCA 8(b) inventory. Sodium chlroide: TSCA 8(b) inventory		
Other Regulations	EINECS: These products are on the European Inventroy of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances		
Canada (DSL)	Not controlled under WHMIS		
DSCL (EEC)	Sodium chloride: R40 - Possible risks of irreversible effects. Sugar & Sodim chloride: S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		

SECTION 16- DOCUMENTARY INFORMATION		
ISSUE DATE	4/5/2017	
PREVIOUS ISSUE DATE	NA	
IDENTIFICATION	Sucrose/Sodium chloride	
REVISION No.	1.0	

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